Cell Counting



Counting Cells with a Hemocytometer and a Microscope

- 1. Prepare a hemocytometer slide. Place a coverslip in the middle of the hemocytometer.
- In a micro test tube, combine 10 µl of the cell suspension with 10 µl of TC10[™] trypan blue dye. Gently pipet up and down ten times to mix the cells and dye.
- 3. Load 10 µl of the mixture into the opening of either of the two hemocytometer chambers.
- 4. Expel a droplet of the suspension and let it be drawn under the coverslip by capillary action.

Note: it is important not to overfill or underfill the chamber.

- 5. Place the hemocytometer in the microscope and allow the cells about 30 sec to settle.
- Select the 10× objective and focus on the grid lines in the chamber. Move the slide so that the field you see is on the central area of the grid (central grid area is 1 × 1 mm).
- 7. Count the cells in the four (4) grid areas labeled as 1, 3, 7, and 9. Are the cells in or out? The usual practice is to include cells overlapping the top and left lines but not those overlapping the bottom or right lines this eliminates redundant counting if adjacent regions are counted.

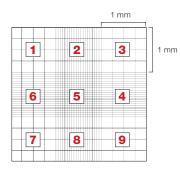


Fig. 1. Neubauer counting grid. The grid is divided in nine 1 mm² sections. Numbers indicate the order in which the sections were counted.

- 12. Count between 100 and 300 cells
- 13. Calculate the cell concentration in cells/ml; this is equivalent to the average cell count × 2,500





Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc.

Life Science Group
Web site
www.bio-rad.com
USA
800
424
6723
Australia
61
2
9914
2800
Austral
01
877
89
01
Belgium
09
385
55
11
Brazil
55
11
5044
5699
Canada
905
364
3435
China
86
21
6100
Finland
09
804
22
00
France
01
47
95
69
65
Germany
089
31
84
0
Greece
30
210
9532
220
Hong
Kong
852
2789
3300
Hungary
36
1459
6100
India
91124
4029300
Issue
Issue
30
91124
4029300
Issue
3050
5050
Issue
30
91124
4029300
Issue
30
91124
4029300
Issue
4152
200
India
81124
81124
8000
81124
8133
<th